Snapshot Wildfire Smoke in the San Diego Metro Area

Wildfires have been increasing in frequency, duration, and intensity, measurably affecting communities. Heavy smoke is denser and more likely to be harmful or disruptive. Wildfire smoke can travel thousands of miles, potentially impacting industrial and commercial centers far from fires.

How is wildfire smoke changing?

A "person-day" (one person being under smoke for one day) describes the potential impact of smoke to a region. The annual average person-days of heavy smoke in the San Diego metro **increased 21,641%** in 2017-2021, compared to 2011-2015.



Heavy smoke in the San Diego metro area went from about 0 days every 4 years to about **3 days each year.**



Possible economic impact of wildfire smoke

Wildfire smoke is more likely to disrupt and harm frontline workers. The San Diego region, home to **270,000** frontline workers, experienced more than **1 million frontline worker-days of heavy smoke in 2021.**

	Utilities, Warehousing & Transportation	Agriculture, Fishing & Mining	Construction	Manufacturing
% of the industry in frontline jobs	56%	60%	72%	36%
frontline workers as % of San Diego workforce	4%	<1%	6%	9%
industry's economic output (2020)	\$4B	\$900M	\$10B	\$26B

Prioritizing resilience through the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA)

Communities that experience dramatic increases in disruptive smoke – such as low- and moderate-income and underserved or distressed communities – may be eligible for existing financing programs through the CRA that could help build resilience to smoke-related damages.





Data in this snapshot comes from the SF Fed research brief "Disruptions from Wildfire Smoke: Vulnerabilities in Local Economies and Disadvantaged Communities in the U.S." and from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. Learn more at https://sffed.us/wildfire-smoke.

Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco